

Steven Romsits

Garðabær, 18. júní 2025 202506-0003/S.V. 10.02.01

Subject: Permit to photopraph wit a drone – Fjallabak and Skógafoss

The Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland has received an application from Steven Romsits, dated June 1st, 2025, for photographing with a drone within Fjallabak Nature Reserve and Skógafoss.

Fjallabak is protected as a nature reserve, cf. regulation no. 354/1979. Construction work, extraction of minerals, disturbance to geological formations, vegetation and wild animal life in the protected area is prohibited. The use of unmanned aircraft (drones) within the nature reserve from June 15th – September 15th is subject to a permit from the Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland.

Skógafoss is protected as a natural monument, cf. regulation no. 477/1987. Disturbance to geological formations, vegetation and wild animal life in the protected area is prohibited. Camping overnight is only allowed in a designated campsite. This includes tents, motorhomes and campers. Photography, cinemaphotography and events that can affect visitors experience in the area are subjected to a permit from the Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland. Operating an unmanned aircraft/drone within the protected area is subjected to a permit from the Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland.

Description of the project:

The applicant requests a permit to photograph with a drone within Fjallabak Nature Reserve and Skógafoss at maximum altitude of 100 m during the period of June 24th – July 4th 2025. No others than the applicant will be involved in the drone flight.

Impact assessment:

Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland considers the project not likely to have negative impact on nature and conservation values if conditions of the permit are followed. The drone flight might have negative impact on other visitors experience in the sites but if conditions of the permit are followed the impact is likely to be reduced. The applicant should be conscious of other guests on the sites and make sure that the drone flight causes as little disturbance as possible to other visitors.



Conclusions and conditions:

The Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland hereby grants Steven Romsits permission on its behalf to photograph with a drone within Fjallabak Nature and Skógafoss at maximum altitude og 100 m during the period of June 24th – July 4th 2025, on the following conditions:

- Keep this letter with you on site during the project.
- The applicant shall inform rangers in the areas about their arrival and departure. This is to be done 24 hours before entering the area and again before leaving it.
- If the project dates or description changes the Nature Conservation Agency shall be notified as soon as possible.
- Crew members should always stay on authorized paths/tracks/roads.
- The crew must follow rules of conduct that apply to the area.
- If any complications occur during the project, please contact the ranger or the Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland, tel. +354 556 6800.
- All disturbance to animals and wildlife is strictly prohibited.
- Off-road driving in Iceland is strictly prohibited.
- The project's staff is required to prevent all disturbance to the environment and make sure that all litter is removed from the sites.
- If the material is meant for public viewing it must be noted in the video/subtext that permission from the Nature Conservation Agency was obtained for the filming/photography.
- The crew should be conscious of other guests on the sites and make sure that filming
 causes as little disturbance as possible to other visitors. An unmanned aircraft should
 never be flown in close proximity to people. Please take precaution not to disturb
 people's experience, their safety or personal privacy nor the general peace of the
 protected areas being filmed.
- According to Icelandic law it is forbidden to fly close to cliffs where birds nest. An
 unmanned aircraft should never be flown near animals or birds, neither in nesting areas
 nor during nesting season or any other seasonal time when animals or bird habitats
 are considered vulnerable.
- Flight time should be kept to a minimum and flight should be avoided during the area's busiest times of the day.
- If the use of unmanned aircraft causes disturbance to wildlife in the area, its use should be ceased at once.
- The conductor of the unmanned aircraft is responsible for the aircraft within the
 protected area. This includes taking responsibility of any possible risk of harm to
 people, fauna and nature and leaving no permanent marks on the site in question.
 Should the aircraft crash, all components from it must be collected and removed from
 the area.



- For safety reasons, the pilot of an unmanned aerial vehicle must wear marked clothing so that the person can be identified.
- It is forbidden to fly drones in the canyon in front of the waterfall at Skógafoss due to wildlife protection.
- It is forbidden to fly drones next to bird cliffs in a closer proximity than 50 meters, if birds are in the cliffs.
- If falcons or eagles are seen in the area, it is not allowed to fly the drone there.

If the licensee causes damage to nature, according to art. 87 in the Nature Conservation Act no. 60/2013, the Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland can, according to the Nature Conservation Act, f.e. order the licensee to fix damage to nature and vegetation and/or stop the project.

The Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland can according to art. 89 in the Nature Conservation Act no. 60/2013 change conditions of the permit, add new conditions or withdraw the permit in order to prevent damage to nature if environmental conditions change.

The usage of a drone shall be according to regulation no. 1360/2024on the operation of remotely piloted aircraft (https://www.icetra.is/aviation/drones/).

Please note that according to the regulation all drones need to be registered at the Icelandic Transport Authority. You can register them at the webpage flydrone.is

Permission fee:

Nature Conservation Agency of Iceland charges a fee for processing applications for permits in protected areas based on Article 92 of Act no. 61/2013 on Nature Conservation. The fee for droneflight for recreational flight in up to two areas is **41.600 ISK** according to art. 7. b. in the agency's tariff no. 354/2025.

Ragnheiður Björk Sigurðardóttir *advisor*

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